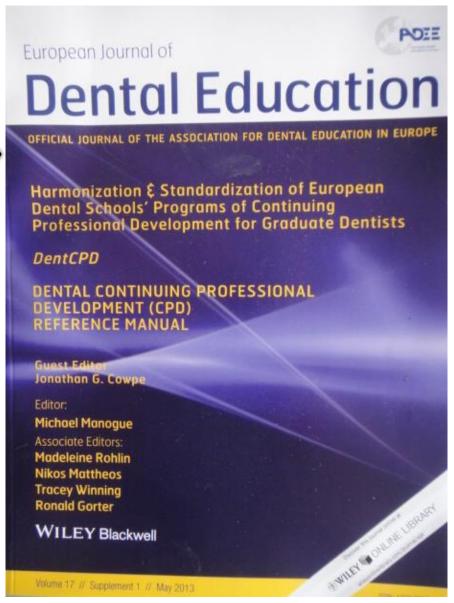




ADEE 2013 Denticpo = Athe orollect

> Professor Jonathan Cowpe Wales Deanery Cardiff University



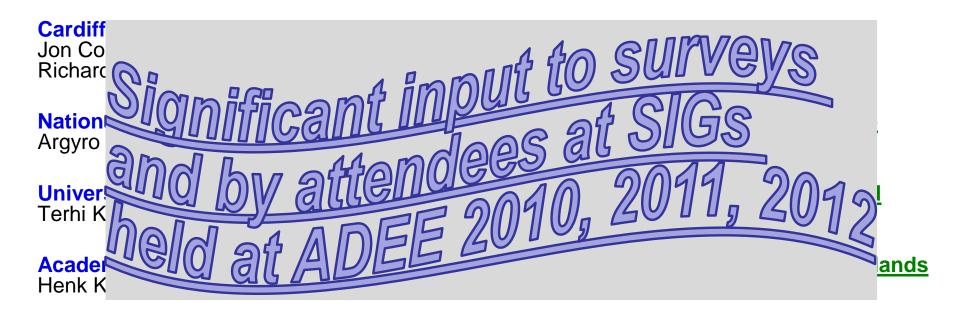
Life Long Learning SIG Programme ADEE 2013

- Introduction to the DentCPD Reference Manual
 - Supplement to European Journal of Dental Education
- Group discussions
 - Quality Assurance of Dental CPD activities impact on clinical practice
 - Accreditation of dental CPD activities place in revalidation
- Sustaining the DentCPD project and SIG on Life Long Learning





Dent CPD - The Team



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Europe - CPD?



Harmonization & Standardization of
Continuing Professional Development for Graduate Dentists





Dent CPD - Impact

- EU-wide recognition of CPD activities should
 - promote the freedom of movement for all graduate dentists in Europe, which can
 - support systems of revalidation, to the ultimate benefit of patient safety.





Dent CPD - Impact

- Standardization and harmonisation of CPD
 - facilitate the recognition of each others CPD activities,
 - promoting opportunities for EU graduate dentists to live and work anywhere in the EU,
 - in turn, supporting the provision of a high quality clinical service for their patients.





Dent CPD - Impact

- This project aimed to
 - modernise the strategic role of dental CPD stakeholders including dental schools in HEIs in the quality management and provision of CPD

 develop cooperation between universities and other professional stakeholders in the delivery of CPD.





European Journal of Dental Education & SN 1396-5883

A review of continuing professional development for dentists in Europe*

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Inventory 3 publications

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Abstract continuing professional development:

continuing education: dentistry

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Accepted: 5 January 2012

doi:10.1111/i.1600-0579.2012.00737.x

engaged in CPD. Factors affecting participation includes work and home commitments, postgraduate qualificati learning needs identification and reflection on practice mon modes of CPD were courses and journal reading; no more effective. Few papers directly explored recomsuggestions related to common gress of error and gaps of CPD effectiveness and impact-on-practice suggested t spread new learning and considerable self-reported change

Condusion: To ensure high standards of care, alongside datory topics, more attention should be given to reflectioner's readiness to engage with education and training work ok ce engironmen

Introduction

Key competences required of the new dental graduate and a European perspective on the quality assurance of undergraduate education have been established (1). In the context of changing patterns of oral health needs (2), an increasingly wide range of health issues (3) and higher patient expectations (4-6), practitionen need to develop a wider knowledge base than that which can be provided by undergraduate training alone (6-10). Continuing professional development (CPD) is the mechanism by which dental practitioners develop their skills and knowl-

*Article reproduced from Eur J Dept Educ 16 (2012) 166-178

© 2013 John Wiley & Sons A& Bur J Dent Educ 9 (Suppl. 9 (2013) 5-17

Aim: To aummarise findings from a literature review continuing professional development (CPD) and its effective for patients.

Method: The search strategy used key terms in a range

Results: One hundred and fourteen papers were revi icant barriers to implementing change in workplace pra swalability of materials, resources and support from colle

edge and maintain up-to-date (11-14) draw attention to the ca and its value for patient care.

Although rules about the rea CPD vary across the European

evidence of a worldwide trend to

developments into patient care i

sional practice and increasingly

tion (22, 23). However, differen

that patients are likely to be sub-oral health care depending on v

within the EU (24). This paper pre

continuing professional development continuing dental education; European harmonisation.

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doi:10.1111/j.1600-0579.2012.00764.x

dentists across Europe is not harmonised

CPD and e-learning.

Results: Responses were received from 143 indiv half the countries had a compulsory CPD system core topics. Elsewhere CPD was optional or base dental schools and professional dental association vides. National regulatory bodies were the mos of respondents thought they knew the criteria Eighty-one percent agreed that 'CPD should be of

Condusion: These results present an overvio Despite a notable trend towards regulated CPD sy tists to engage in CPD show variation. The ha e thance both dentist mobility and safe clinical t

*Article reproduced from Eur J Dent Educ 17 (2013) e77-e81

Continuing professional development systems and requirements for graduate dentists in the EU: survey results from the DentCPD project*

A. Bullock¹, S. Bailey², J. Cowpe³, E. Barnes³, H. Thomas³, R. Thomas³, S. Phillips¹, A. Kavadella⁴,

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 School of Dentistry, Cardiff University, Cardiff, UK

Introduction: By maintaining skills and keep rofessional development (CPD) supports safe

Aim: One aim of the 'DentCPD' project (www.ds essential CPD requirements for EU dentists. As pa on existing approaches to CPD for EU dentists. To

Methods: Informed by a review of the iteratu Graduate Dentists questionnaire gathered data fro requirements, provision and accreditation in Euro

Core continuing professional development (CPD) topics

S. Bailey¹, A. Bullock², J. Cowpe³, E. Barnes³, H. Thomas³, R. Thomas³, A. Kavadella⁴, A. Kossioni⁴, T. Karahari u-Suvanto⁵, K. Suomalainen⁵, H. Kersten⁶, E. Povel⁶, M. Giles⁷, A. D. Walmsley⁸, U. Soboleva⁹,

continuing professional development; continuing dental education; European harmonisation.

for the European dentist*

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Accepted: 2 October 2012

Introduction: In the context of free movement, EU-citizens need assumance that dental practitioners providing their care have a degree/license to practice that meets EU-standards and that they maintain their knowledge and skills through ongoing

Aim: One sim of the 'DentCPD' project (HYPERIINK 'http://www.dentcpd.org' www. dentipology) was to identify and agree essential CPD requirements for EU dentists. This paper reports the consensus process and outcomes.

Methods: Agreement on core components of CPD was achieved through a three stage process an online survey of dental educators' (n = 143) views on compulsory topics; a paper-based questionnaire to practitiones (n = 411); leading to a proposal discussed at the Association for Dental Education (ADEE) 2011 Lifelong Learning special interest

Results: From the online survey and practitioner questionnaire, high levels of agree-RESURE From the online survey and practitioner questionnaire, high levels of agree-ment were achieved for medical energencies (99%), indication conted (79%) and the medically compromised patient (71%). The STG (34 attendees from 16 countries) con-cluded that these three CPD topics abould be con-recommended (trait) and safety, just say and three CPD topics abould be con-recommended (trait) and safety, just management, and neigharding oldrifiers & winnessite adults). They also agreed that the teaching of all topics should be underpinned by evidence-based dentistry.

Condusion: Building four core topics into CPD requirements and making quality-approved education and training available will ensure that all dentists have up-to-date knowledge and skills in topic areas of direct relevance to patient safety. In turn, this will contribute to patients having access to comparably high standards of onal health

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*Article reproduced from Eur J Dent Educ 17 (2013) e82-e8

@ 2013 John Wiley & Sons A& Bar J Dent Edu: 17 (Suppl. 1) (2013) 23-26 Core Topics

Institute of Dentistry, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland





Core Topic Proposal

Four core compulsory CPD topics:

- medical emergencies
- cross-infection control
- the medically compromised patient
- radiation protection (for those taking Xrays, using scanners).

Three core <u>recommended</u> CPD topics:

- health and safety
- pain management
- safeguarding children and vulnerable adults





Guidelines for CPD for Dental Graduates

Based on the Inventory

- Discussion at SIG
 - ADEE 2012

European Journal of Dental Education KSN 1996-5893

Guidelines for the organisation of continuing professional development activities for the European dentist

K. Suomalainen¹, T. Karaharju-Suvanto¹, S. Bailey², A. Bullock², J. Cowp e⁴, E. Barnes⁴, H. Thomas⁴, R. Thomas⁴, A. Kavadella⁵, A. Kossioni⁵, H. Kersten⁶, E. Povel⁶, M. Giles⁷, D. Walmsley⁸, U. Soboleva⁹, A. Liepa 10 and I. Akota9

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continuing education; continuing professional development; dentistry; university; dential school: patient safety; quality control: ECTS.

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doi: 10.11.11 Aire 1.2021

Abstract

Aim: Free movement of dental professionals across the European Union calls for more uniform continuing education in dentistry to ensure up-to-date, high-quality patient care and patient safety. This article provides guidelines for the management and delivery of high-quality continuing professional development (CPD) by European dental schools and other CPD provides.

Method: The guidelines are based on an extensive literature inventory, a survey of existing practices (both available as separate publications), discussions during meetings of the Association for Dental Education in Europe in 2011 and 2012 and debate amongst the members of the DentCPD project team representing six dental schools.

Results: On the basis of the literature review, survey and discussions, we recomm that (i) every dentist should be given the opportunity for CPD, (ii) providers should he quality-approved and impartial, (iii) educators should be approved, impartial, suitably trained, and with educational expertise, (iv) the mode of CPD delivery should suit the educational activity, with clear learning objectives or outcomes, (v) effort should be made to assess the learning, (vi) participant feedback should be collected and analysed to inform future developments and (vii) uniform use of the pan-European system of learning credit points (ECTS) should be implemented.

Condusion: Implementation of these guidelines should make dental CPD more transparent to all relevant parties and facilitate the transferability of earned credits across the European Union. It will also enable better quality control within dentistry, resulting in enhanced dental care and ultimately the improvement in patient safety.

2005/36/EC on the recognition of professional qualifications (http://eur-lex.europs.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do/uri=O}:L2005: Mutual recognition of qualifications and free movement of 255:0022:0142:en:PDF). This was created to allow free movespecified healthcare professionals - including dentists - across ment of labour between member countries of the EU. In the EU are guaranteed by the relevant sections of EU Directive dentistry, freedom of movement raises questions about the



Guidelines for Delivery of competence-based CPD modules

- Discussion at SIG, ADEE 2012
- Used in parallel with core topic exemplar module



European Journal of Dental Education ISSN 1396-5883

The development of an exemplar e-module for the continuing professional development of European dentists

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10 Cardiff University, Dent

Keywords

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Recommendations for the development of e-modules for the continuing professional development of European dentists

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Keywords

continuing professional development; dentists; e-learning; e-modules.

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bstract

Aims: To provide evidence-based and peer-reviewed recommendations for the development of dental continuing professional development (CPD) learning e-modules.

Meftods: The preent recommendations are consensus recommendations of the DentiPD project team and were informed by a literature resusth, consultations from elearning and IT expert, discussions amongst the participants attending a special interest group during the 2012 ADEE meeting, and feedback from the evaluation procedures of the exemply are module (us described in a companion paper within this Supplement). The main focus of these recommendations is on the courses and modules organized and offered by dental schools.

Results and discussion: E-modules for dental CPD, as well as for other health professionals' continuing education, have been implemented and reducated for a number of years. Research shows that the development of e-modules is a team process, understake by scackemics, subject experts, peckagogius, IT and web designers, kuming technologists and librarians. The e-module must have dera learning objective (southours), addressing the learners' individual needs, and must be visually attractive, relevant, intencible, promoting critical thinking and providing feedback. The text graphics and animations must support the objectives and enable the learning process by creating an attractive, casy to natigate and interactive electronic environment. Technology is usually a concern for tamers and tustory therefore, it must be kept simple and interactive distributions of the polapsifical and technological proficiency of educators is of paramount importance, yet remains a challenge in many instances.

Conclusions: The development of e-courses and modules for dental CPD is an endeasons undertaken by a group of professionals. It must be underpined by sound profagogical and e-learning principles and must incorporate elements for effective visual learning and visual design and a simple, consistent technology.

Introduction

Electronic educational potential in dental con-

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Issues identified for further investigation

- Process for accreditation and quality assurance of CPD activities
- Development and utilisation of a uniform pan-European system of learning credit points
- Evaluation of learning outcomes and application of acquired skills
 - do CPD activities improve everyday clinical practice?





Accreditation/recognition of CPD

- limited responses accreditation criteria description
- lack of clarity on the issue of accreditation
- degree of confusion about the criteria used when accrediting CPD activity.
- lack of clarity over how CPD activity is measured
 - in terms of hours of activity or credits for an activity.



Results



CPD Accreditation

Q5: For each organisation, please indicate which activities it is engaged in.

CPD providing organisation	Provides CPD (n*)	Accredited to offer CPD points (n*)	Accredits providers (n*)
University dental school	28	16	0
Professional dental association	26	18	8
Scientific dental society	26	13	1
Commercial company	21	3	0
Private education org	20	8	0
Dental postgraduate organisation	17	11	0
National regulatory body	10	7	9
State organisation	8	2	6

^{*} Number of countries naming the organisation as engaging in each activity.

Quality Assurance of Dental CPD SIG - ADEE 2013

 How assured or concerned are you about the adequacy of the QA of dental CPD?

 What suggestions do you have about how the quality of CPD in dentistry can be adequately quality assured?

CPD Accreditation ??

SIG - ADEE 2013

- In your country is CPD officially recognised/accredited?
- How is this recognised?
 - official certification?
- Who provides this accreditation?
 - Regulator the bodies/institutions recognised in that particular country as the appropriate body
 who puts dentists on the dentists register
 - Dept. of health or education,
 - Professional Dental Associations
 - Other Organisation ??
- How is the period of learning recorded hours? Credits?
 - How do hours relate to credits?

Group Discussions

Quality Assurance of Dental CPD

CPD Accreditation ??

- How assured or concerned are you about the adequacy of the QA of dental CPD?
- What suggestions do you have about how the quality of CPD in dentistry can be adequately quality assured?

- Is CPD officially recognised/accredited?
- How is this recognised?
 - official certification?
- Who provides this accreditation?
- How is the period of learning recorded - hours? Credits?

Description of criteria for successful accreditation?

- A certificate (or other type of documentary proof) that proves that the
 - individual took part in the activity must be provided.
 - should document the number of hours spent by the individual on the activity.
- The activity must have 'concise educational aims and objectives'.
- The activity must have 'clear anticipated outcomes'.
- The activity must have 'quality controls'
 - usually includes the opportunity for participants to give feedback, with a view to improving quality.
 - What else?
- Assessment??



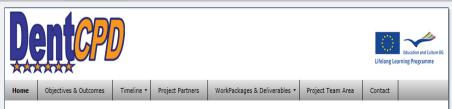


DentCPD website

www.dentcpd.org

DentCPD Reference Manual

http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/eje.2013.17.is sue-s1/issuetoc



Welcome to DentCPD

Introduction and Aims

DentCPD is a two year European project entitled 'Harmonisation and standardisation of European Dental Schools programs of continuing professional development for graduate dentists'. This project aims to identify agreed essential CPD requirements of an EU graduate dentist and provide guidelines for the management and delivery of high quality CPD by European dental schools.

The project, initiated by the Association for Dental Education in Europe - ADEE is co funded by the EU under the Lifelong Learning Programme, Erasmus sub-programme, 'Modernisation of higher education'. The project which began on October 2010 will end in September 2012.

Project Rationale

Continuing Professional Development (CPD) is essential to the maintenance of dentists' knowledge and skills, underpinning safe clinical practice. In the context of free movement, EU-citizens need assurance that dental practitioners have a license to practice that meets EU-standards. There is a need for harmonisation of CPD across the EU, supporting the safe management of patients and promoting mobility of practitioners. Currently, dental CPD is provided by a range of bodies and the quality of courses is variable and unregulated. EU Dental schools have a strategic role to play and this innovative CPD project, which is the first of its kind in the global educational arena, will support the modernisation of their role in postgraduate education.













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